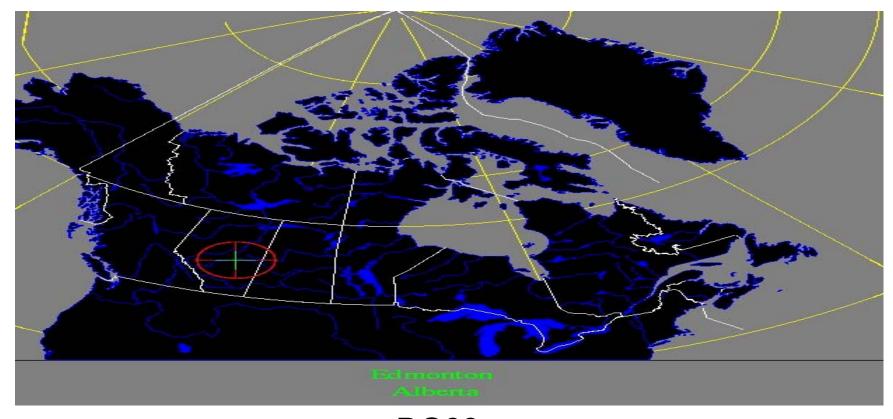
#### TEST- SETUP

(30) 

#### VE6JY



DO33os NE of Edmonton, Alberta, Canada near Lamont Alberta http://www.alfaradio.ca/ve6jy

### The VE6JY Station Don Moman

- Presented by
- J. T. Mitchell (Mitch) VE6OH
  - AlfaRadio Ltd.
- Please Questions at anytime

#### Who is VE6JY

- Don Moman VE6JY
  - Owner of the station
  - Long time SWL (active SWL weekends)
  - Licensed in 1985 as VE6BOD
  - Retired Engineer

#### Overview of what we will cover

- Site and tower layouts
- Tower installs, Guys, anchors
- Antenna manufacturing
- Antenna installs

#### What we will cover

- Rotator designs (including the failures)
- Rotator control and position reporting
  - Use of Video, etc
- Antenna switching systems
  - Boxes, relays etc

#### Table of contents continued

- Equipment, filters, amps, radios
  - Tx/Rx filters plus coax stubs k1ttt

#### Site info

- There are currently 14 or 15? towers on this 30 Ha (80 Acres) antenna farm.
- Ranging from 15 Meters (50 feet) to 48.7
   Meters (160 feet) high.
- 80 feet (24 M) by 40 (12 M) feet of building.
  - Shop
  - Radio shack (Not the store)

#### From Google Earth





#### Grounds

- The surrounding area is rural pasture and farmland.
- The ground drops off gradually several hundred feet, giving a good takeoff into Europe and Africa.

## Looking East from the 150 foot 4 element 80 meter beam tower circa 2002



#### **ANTENNAS**

- Primary antenna choices include 4 high Yagi stacks on 10 and, 15 meters.
- A 3 high stack on 20 meters + 1 on a separate tower. (4 stack all directions)
- A 5 element 40 meter Yagi, and 3 element 40 meter Yagi both full size.
- 4 element full size 80 meter Yagi.
- All mono band Yagis are home built.

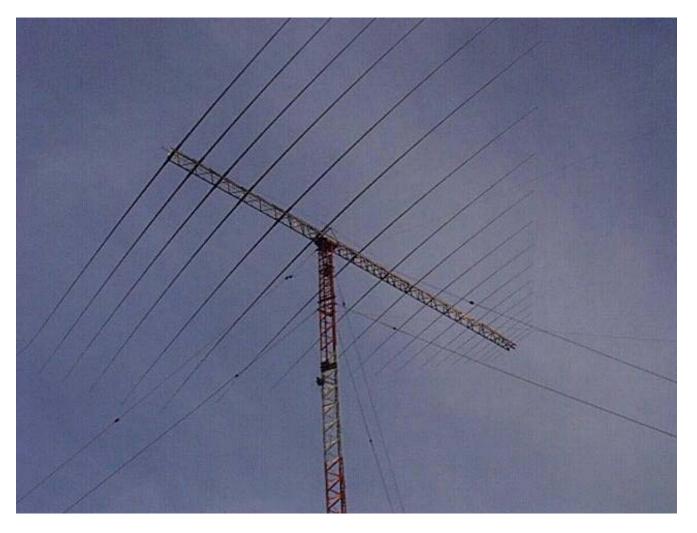
#### Secondary Antennas

- Secondary antenna choices include triband 10/15/20 beams strategically located to allow in band multiplier hunting.
- With plans to replace them with monobanders (in process).
  - -~1200 air feet from stacks (1900 by wire)
  - south of stacks
  - Within 10KC of "run station" on a good day.

#### Why mono banders

- Mutli band antennas are not good for multiple op stations.
  - Mono-banders reduce cross band interference
  - Resonant only one band

#### 4-30 MHz log periodic



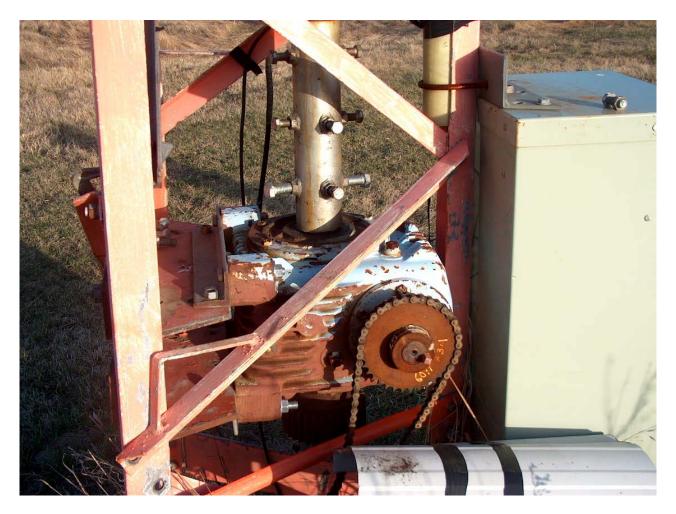
MLP-4 Sabre 9 Db on 4 MHz\* 13 Db on 8 Mhz

12 Db F/B, Boom 62 feet 19 elements Tower 113 ft 2 foot face

includes ground gain



#### Rotator & coupler for Log



#### Rotator clamp assembly



#### Clamp mount no drilling on tower



#### Other Antennas

Receiving choices include numerous
 Beverage antenna, with enough choices
 that both 80 and 160 meters stations can
 listen in any of the main directions.

 The 4 element 80 Meter beam out performs the Beverages on 80 M.

#### **Future Plans**

- 5 Element 80m Non loaded full size elements
  - Cut for the CW part of the band
  - Approx 100ft boom
  - OWA design
  - Boom made from 40 inch on a side tower
    - Limit factor is what the crane can lift More later on crane.
    - Boom weight is ~ 1900 Lbs
  - Specs on the website
    - www.alfaradio.ca/ve6jy

#### New 80 Meter CW beam The BOOM 40 inch on side



#### Big Jin Pole

- Summer of 2000 a forty ton Rough Terrain Crane (P&H Omega RT40) was purchased to assist with tower and antenna installation and repairs.
- With the jib and extensions it is capable of reaching to about 53 meters (173 feet) and lifting 2260 Kg (5000 pounds) at that height.
- Some people get newer cars, Don gets a newer Crane. The price is about the same.

#### VE6JY / Rover





Wednesday, June 07, 2006 Presentation of the VE6JY Station by VE6OH (c)



Wednesday, June 07, 2006 Presentation of the VE6JY Station by VE6OH (c)

#### Antenna manufacturing

- One of the few things we are still able to do is build antennas, it is cost effective and easy to do.
- Use 0.065 inch wall thickness
- Typical element for a 20 Meter antenna only has a few \$ of aluminium. (6 element 20 meter – \$100 Elements, \$100 boom, odds about \$50) ~\$250 - \$300

#### Drill the ends



#### 10 Meter Antenna feed point



#### Typical Truss point



#### 20 meter 6 El, OWA 48 ft boom, test site



#### 20 meter 6 El, OWA 48 ft boom, test site

# Where is the fail point?



#### 15m stack

- OWA Design
- 44 M (145 ') At top
- 32 m (105 ')
- 23 M (75 ')
- 11 M (35 ')
- Side mount ~300 deg
- 6 Element



#### Side mount



#### Side mount gearing



#### Side mount on the 10



#### Lower 20 M Side mount "barn door" 53 " arm



Wednesday, June 07, 2006Presentation of the VE6JY Station by VE6OH (c)

#### 20 M 5 el 48 ft boom



## 20 meter middle





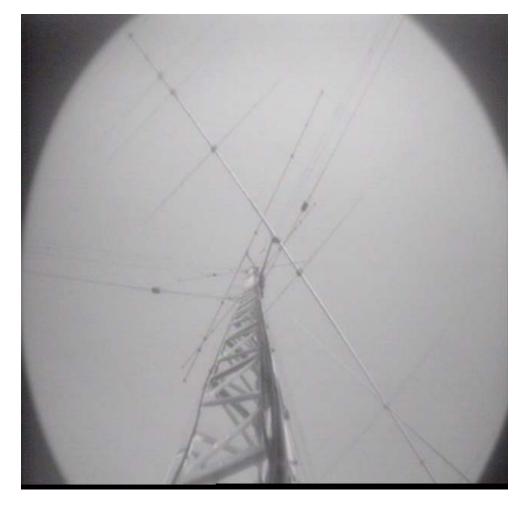
Wednesday, June 07, 2006Presentation of the VE6JY Station by VE6OH (c)

#### 15 M remote tower



#### UP the stack

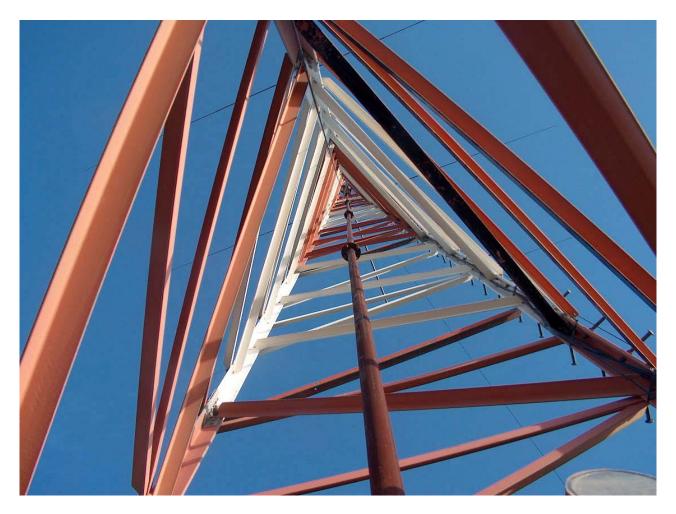
- Marks on monitor in degrees
- Use of inexpensive
   Video camera



# 40 Meter 3 El - 40 foot boom No traps, Full size



# Long torque tube



#### Bottom of 120 SS

- AlfaSpid rotator on bottom of 120 Foot
- 3 element full size
   40 meter beam
- Long torque tube



#### Rotator connected Feb of 2002



# From David B. Leeson Book (W6QHS) W6NL Page 7-29



#### 80 Meter beam

- "The 4 Elephant Antenna" (VE6LCB)
- Boom 22.13 M (75.9 feet)
- Reflector 42.6 M (140 feet)
- Mass of one element is 73 Kg (160 Lb)
- Total mass is about 545 Kg (1200 lb)
- Tower height 45.7 M (150 feet)
- Wind balanced sail, free turning

#### All guyed towers use DEAD man anchors

10 feet deep by 2 feet by 10



# All guyed towers use DEAD man anchors No concrete



# Note the driven and 1st director



# 80 Meter truss





# 80 Meter feed point.

- Balun
   was
   removed
   as it
   affected
   the band
   width.
- Coax turns



# 80 meter bearing support



# VA6DX's BOOTS

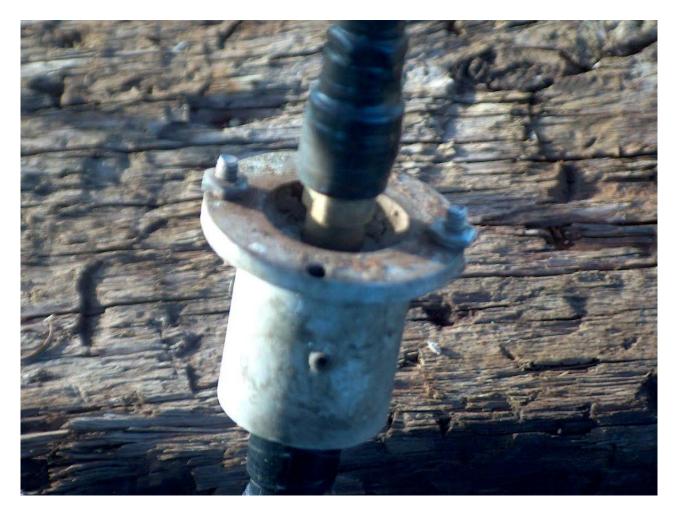


## 4.5 Inch OD





Wednesday, June 07, 200@Presentation of the VE6JY Station by VE6OH (c)



Wednesday, June 07, 200@Presentation of the VE6JY Station by VE6OH (c)

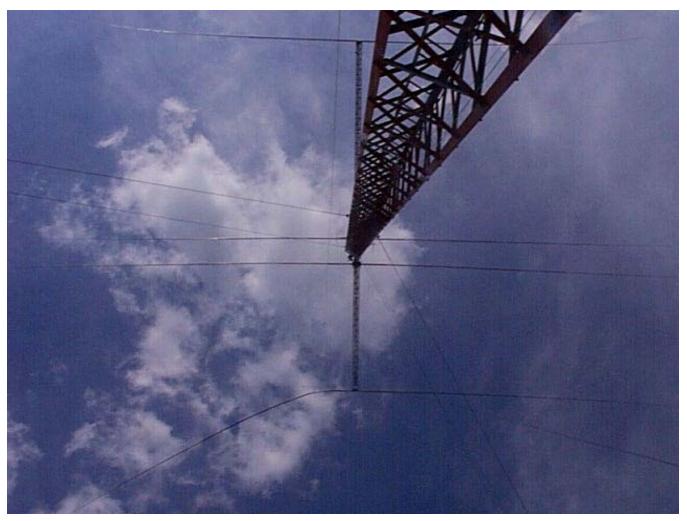
# 80 km/hr wind



Wednesday, June 07, 2006Presentation of the VE6JY Station by VE6OH (c)

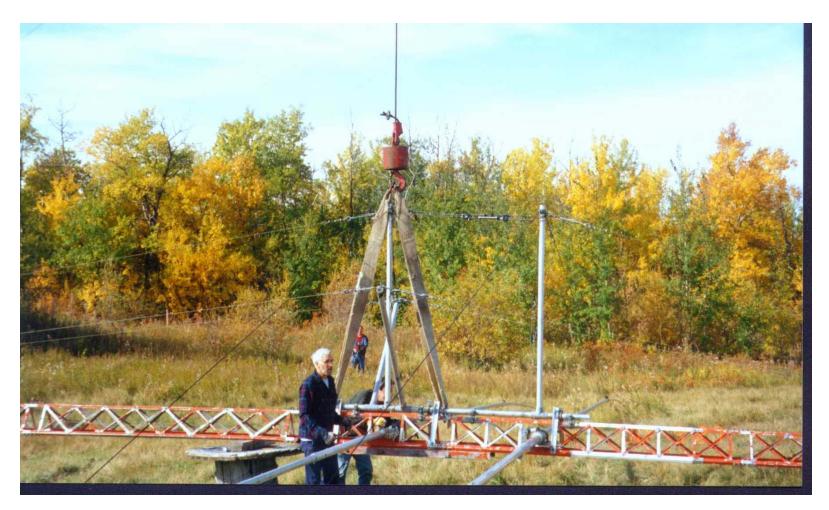


Wednesday, June 07, 2006Presentation of the VE6JY Station by VE6OH (c)



Wednesday, June 07, 2006 Presentation of the VE6JY Station by VE6OH (c)

# 80 METERS GOING UP Again



# UP October 1999 – about 7 years



#### 40 meter 5 element with Ice



# 4 element 80 Meter with ice



# Ice was approx 2.5 Inch diameter about 1 inch thick How many lbs on the element?



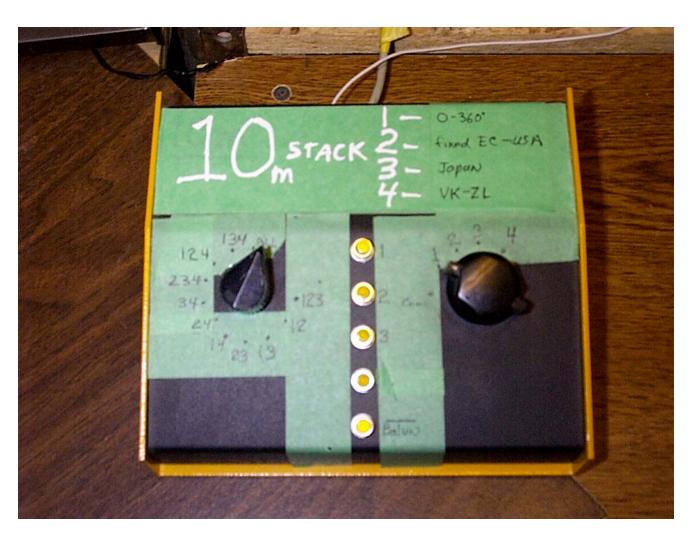
#### How is the time

# Antenna switching systems

- One of the more difficult things is to switch the different stacks to each operating positions.
- Then to allow the operator to select which antenna or combination of antennas to use.
- Relays & coax switches are used.

- Right
  - Separate
- Left
  - Combine
- Quick stack switching

#### Switch Box



#### Wireless

- We say it is wireless
- Well YESSSS
- We have to get the signals in
- We have to get the power out

# 120' SS wiring at base of Tower

- Telco wire
- AC power
- Typical of all towers





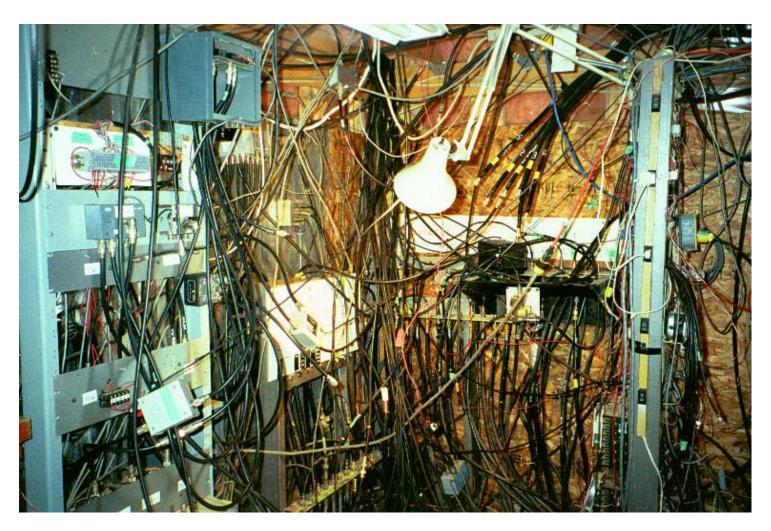
Wednesday, June 07, 200@Presentation of the VE6JY Station by VE6OH (c)

#### How much wire?

- 13 K feet hard line
- 7 K feet of coax
- 150K to 200K feet of control line

- How much Concrete?
  - –ONLY 1 yard \*
    - \*On guyed towers

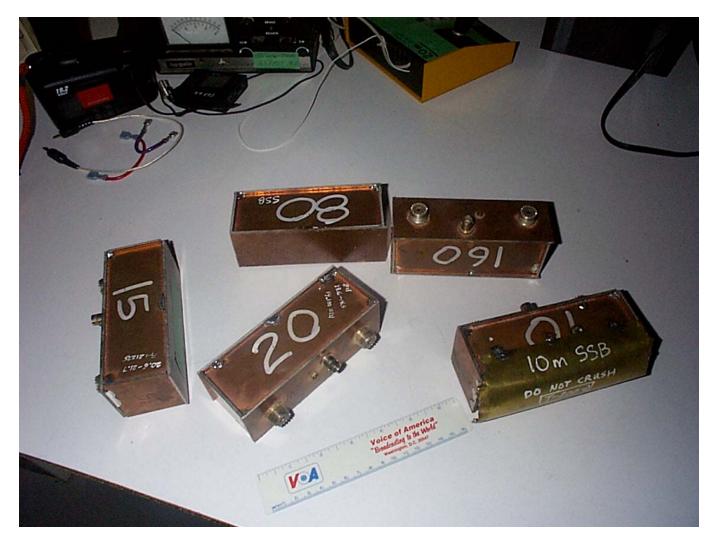
## Who said Wireless?



# Keeping the signals out

- On of the big problems with Mutli op stations is other band interference from transmitters on site.
- Use of Notch filters
- Use Band pass filters.
- Clean signal (scopes)
  - Watch the drive

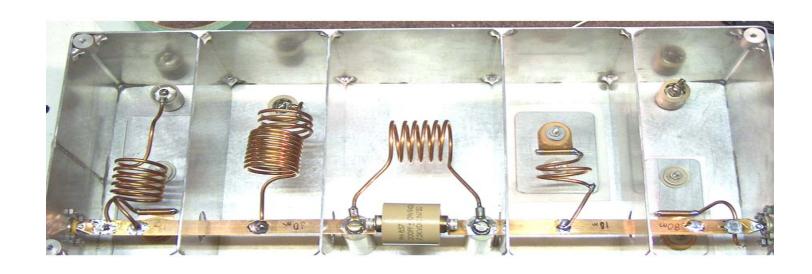
### Band Pass filters KAVX NCJ



## Notch filters - Band pass

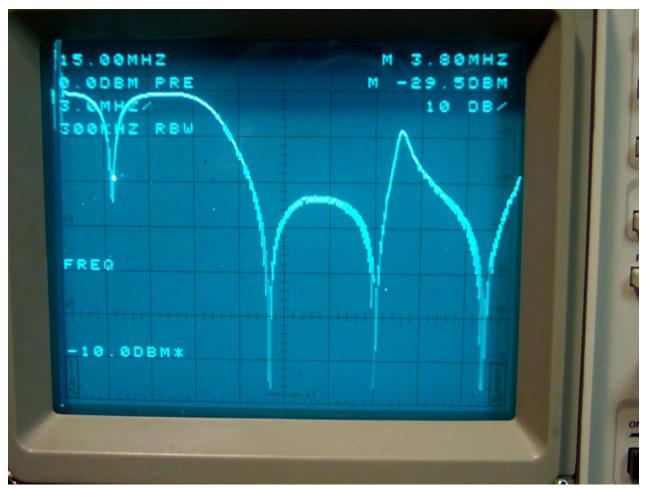
- Notch filters diagram
  - Stubs / open and shorted to act as band stop/pass filters
  - See K1TTT web site @ www.k1ttt.net
  - One filter on 40 is good for several KW Home brew
- Band pass
  - Pi filter good for 100 200 watts
  - See K1TTT web site or K4VX

## 40 meter band pass filter



#### Good for KWatts

# 40 meter band pass filter Note notches on other bands



## Ever changing main console



## 2 radio effort. coww



#### Antenna switch control centre



#### More toaster watts

- Cpus are run from UPS, lights
  - $-\sim 5$  Kw of UPS
    - 400 amp hr batteries at 48 Volts
    - ~ 20 KWHr
- Main radios are run direct from batteries.
- Wind power for charging batteries
  - Currently being tested
    - 1Kw unit

# 73 http://www.alfaradio.ca/ve6jy

